

TD1: Two-phase flow in a vertical evaporator

$$1) \quad G \rho_{lv} \frac{dx}{dz} = \frac{49P}{D} \quad \frac{dx}{dz} = \frac{49P}{D G \rho_{lv}} \Rightarrow x = \frac{49P}{D G \rho_{lv}} z$$

$$2) \quad \text{At } z = h = 1 \text{ m} \quad x = 4.28 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$j_L = \frac{G(1-x)}{\rho_L} \quad j_v = \frac{Gx}{\rho_v} \quad G = 637 \text{ kg/m}^2/\text{s}$$

$$j_L = 0,675 \text{ m/s} \quad j_v = 0,243 \text{ m/s}$$

Regime close to the transition bubbly / slug flow

3) Homogenous model

$$\frac{d}{dz} \left( \frac{G^2}{\rho_m} \right) = -\frac{dP}{dz} + \frac{4\bar{\sigma}P}{D} - \rho_m g \quad \text{with } \rho_m = \rho_L(1-R_G) + \rho_v R_G \approx \rho_L(1-R_G)$$

$$\frac{4\bar{\sigma}P}{D} = -\frac{2}{D} f_{pm} \frac{G^2}{\rho_m} \quad \text{with } f_{pm} = 0.005$$

$$b) \quad \frac{dP}{dz} = -\frac{d}{dz} \left( \frac{G^2}{\rho_m} \right) - \frac{2}{D} f_{pm} \frac{G^2}{\rho_m} - \rho_m g$$

$$c) \quad R_G = \frac{\alpha \frac{\rho_L}{\rho_v}}{1 - \alpha \left(1 - \frac{\rho_L}{\rho_v}\right)} \Rightarrow 1 - R_G = \frac{1 - \alpha \left(1 - \frac{\rho_L}{\rho_v}\right) - \alpha \frac{\rho_L}{\rho_v}}{1 + \alpha \frac{\rho_L}{\rho_v}}$$

$$1 - R_G \approx \frac{1 - \alpha}{1 + \alpha \frac{\rho_L}{\rho_v}} \approx \frac{1}{1 + \alpha \frac{\rho_L}{\rho_v}} = \frac{1}{1 - R_G} = 1 + \alpha \frac{\rho_L}{\rho_v} \quad \text{with } \alpha \ll 1$$

$$\frac{1}{1 - R_G} = 1 + \frac{49P}{D G \rho_{lv}} \frac{\rho_L}{\rho_v} \alpha = 1 + K_3 \quad R_G = 0,146 \quad (z=h)$$

$$\Delta P = P(h) - P(0) = \left[ -\frac{G^2}{\rho_m} \right]_{z=0}^{z=h} - \frac{2}{D} f_{pm} \frac{G^2}{\rho_L} \int_0^h (1 + K_3) dz - \int_0^h \frac{\rho_L g dz}{1 + K_3}$$

$$\Delta P = P(h) - P(0) = -\frac{G^2}{\rho_L} K h - \frac{2}{D} f_{pm} \frac{G^2}{\rho_L} \left[ h + \frac{K h^2}{2} \right] - \frac{\rho_L g}{K} \ln(1 + K h)$$

$$K = 0,361 \quad \downarrow \quad -155 \text{ Pa} \quad -253 \text{ Pa} \quad -7898 \text{ Pa}$$

$$\Delta P = 8306 \text{ Pa}$$